

MEDICATIONS THAT MAY INCREASE YOUR TENDENCY TO BLEED

The following is a list of medications that could cause you to bruise or bleed. The list is not complete, new drugs are added frequently. This list is simply a guideline.

For 2 weeks prior to and 48 hours after the scheduled date of your surgery, please do not take any medication containing aspirin or ibuprofen. Please refrain from taking herbs or vitamins. The medications on this list have an effect on your blood's ability to clot.

Please check the labels of all medications that you take, especially those available without a prescription, to make sure you are not taking any of these substances. Please consult our physicians before stopping any prescribed medication.

If you need a minor pain medication, please take Tylenol or another non-aspirin medication.

If you are on Coumadin, our physicians or your family physician will instruct you on when you should stop taking it, and when you can resume taking it.

Advil	Children's Aspirin	Garlic	Pepto-Bismol
Aleve	Clinoril	Ginger	Percodan
Alka-Seltzer	Congesprin	Ginkgo Biloba	Persantine
Alcohol	Cope	Goodys Headache	Plavix
Anacin	Chricidin	Ibuprofen	Relafen
Anaprox	Darvon	Indocin	Robaxisal
Ansaid	Darvon Compound	Indomethacin	Sine-Off
APC	Daypro	Kopak	Sine-Aid
Arthrotec	Disalcid	Lodine	Soma Compound
Arnica	Doans Pills	Lovenox	Synalgos-DC
ASA	Dolobid	Meclomen	Talwin
Asacol	Dristan	Medipren	Tamoxifen
Ascriptin	Easprin	Methotrexate	Ticlid
Aspergum	Ecotrin	MiCol	Tolectin
Aspercream	Empirin	Multivitamins	Trandate
Aspirin	Equagesic	Naprosyn	Trental
B C Powder	Excedrin	Naproxen Sodium	Trilisate
Bilberry	Feldene	Nolvadex	Vanquish
Bufferin	Florinal	Norgesic	'ioxx
Cayenne	Fish Oil	Nuprin	Vitamin C
Cama Arthritis Pain Relief	Flurbiprofen Sodium	Oruvail	Vitamin E
Celebrex	4-Way Cold Tabs	Pamelor	Voltaren
			Zorprin